

Electrochemical H₂S Detector C7064E

APPLICATION

The C7064E Electrochemical H₂S Detector provides reliable detection and measurement of hydrogen sulfide (H₂S) gas concentrations in hazardous industrial areas. The detector is designed for use with Det-Tronics Model U9500B Transmitter, R8471B Controller, or other devices capable of monitoring a 4 to 20 mA dc input. The C7064E is FM Approved, CSA Certified and ATEX approved for use in hazardous environments.

FEATURES

- Reliable electrochemical sensor delivers excellent accuracy, specificity, and is performance-approved.
- Robust stainless steel housing is certified explosion-proof and EMI/RFI hardened.
- Temperature compensated to ensure consistent performance over operating temperature range.
- Hydrophobic filter provides exceptional sensor protection.
- Easily replaced electrochemical sensor cell.
- Easy two-wire installation can be used with or without a display transmitter.

DESCRIPTION

The C7064E detector consists of an explosion-proof stainless steel enclosure, which houses the electrochemical sensor and the transmitter circuitry. The detector provides a loop-powered 4 to 20 mA output signal that is proportional to the full scale range of the electrochemical sensor installed in the detector. Three (3) electrochemical sensors providing 20, 50, and 100 PPM ranges are offered. The user must ensure that the 4-20 mA signal receiver is properly scaled to match the full scale range of the sensor installed within the C7064E. The C7064E provides three (3) wires for user termination: Signal (+), Signal (-), and earth ground.



ELECTROCHEMICAL SENSOR

The electrochemical sensor uses capillary diffusion barrier technology for detecting the presence of hydrogen sulfide gas. The sensor provides improved accuracy, reliability, and extended calibration intervals when compared to ordinary solid state type sensors.

The response of the sensor is highly specific to H₂S. Most commonly encountered gases have little if any cross sensitivity effect. Table 1 shows the response of a typical electrochemical H₂S sensor (0 to 100 ppm range) when exposed to 100 ppm concentrations of various commonly encountered substances.

Sensor Output

The 4 to 20 mA dc drive circuitry is rated at a maximum 600 ohms loop resistance with 24 vdc supply voltage.

Table 1—Cross Sensitivity of Electrochemical Sensor to 100 ppm Concentrations

0 ppm	<1 ppm	<20 ppm	<10 ppm	-20 ppm
HCN	NO	SO ₂	CO	Cl ₂
C ₂ H ₄	HCl		H ₂	NO ₂

NOTE: Values shown are for a typical 0 to 100 ppm sensor. Response of 0 to 20 ppm and 0 to 50 ppm sensor will be proportionately lower.

OPTIONAL TRANSMITTERS, CONTROLLER AND CALIBRATOR

The C7064E detector's 4 to 20 mA output is calibrated at the factory, but requires an additional transmitter, controller, or Model 805 portable calibrator to perform calibration in the field. For applications where a local display of detected H₂S gas level is required, the model U9500B200x Infiniti Transmitter is recommended for use with the C7064E. For applications where a control/display card in a mounting rack is required, the Model R8471B Series H₂S controller is recommended for use with the C7064E. For applications where the C7064E will be used as a stand-alone detector wired directly into an analog input signal receiver without loop calibration capabilities, the Model 805 portable calibrator is recommended. The Model 805 requires that the electrochemical sensor be removed from the C7064E for calibration purposes and then reinstalled within the C7064E housing when the calibration is complete.

HYDROPHOBIC FILTER

The C7064E uses a hydrophobic filter to protect the electrochemical sensor from contamination by dirt and moisture. The hydrophobic filter can be replaced quickly and conveniently in the field if damaged or fouled. Removal of the filter is not necessary to perform calibration.

SPECIFICATIONS

GAS MEASUREMENT RANGE—

0 to 20, 50, or 100 ppm H₂S depending upon the 005434-xxx electrochemical sensor specified.

OUTPUT SIGNAL—

Two-wire, loop-powered 4 to 20 mA analog signal at 600 ohms maximum resistance with 24 VDC applied.

POWER CONSUMPTION RANGE—

0.25 to 0.8 watts maximum.

VOLTAGE REQUIREMENTS—

12-32 VDC, 24 VDC recommended.

MAXIMUM LOOP RESISTANCE—

300 ohms @ 18 VDC, 600 ohms @ 24 VDC, 1000 ohms @ 32 VDC.

TEMPERATURE RANGE—

Operating: -40°F to +122°F (-40°C to +50°C).
Storage: +32°F to +68°F (0°C to +20°C).

NOTE

The C7064E has successfully completed Hazardous Location testing from -40°C to +75°C; however, the label will indicate -40°C to +50°C.

HUMIDITY RANGE—

Operating: 15 to 90% RH, non-condensing.
Storage: 15 to 90% RH, non-condensing.

ACCURACY—

±10 percent of applied gas concentration or ±3 ppm, whichever is greater.

RESPONSE TIME—

T₂₀ in ≤ 12 seconds,
T₅₀ in ≤ 30 seconds.

STABILITY—

Zero: < 1 PPM / month,
Span: < 1 % FS / month.

CERTIFICATION—

FM: Model C7064E4012:
Class I, Div. 1, Groups C & D.
Model C7064E5014:
Class I, Div. 1, Groups B, C & D.

CSA: Model C7064E5014:
Class I, Div. 1, Groups B, C & D;
Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C & D (T4A).

CENELEC: CE 0539 Ⓢ II 2 G.
EEx d II B + H2 T4.
SIRA 01 ATEX 1246X.
T_{amb}: -40°C to +75°C.
IP54.

IEC: Ex d IIB +H2 T4.
SIRA Ex 02Y1010X.
T_{amb}: -40°C to +75°C.
IP54.

WARNING

Ensure that the sensor hazardous (classified) location rating is applicable for the intended use.

ENCLOSURE MATERIAL—
316 stainless steel.

DIMENSIONS—
See Figure 1.

SHIPPING WEIGHT (APPROXIMATE)—
Detector housing: 2.5 pounds (1.1 kilograms),
Sensor: 0.2 pound (0.1 kilogram).

WARRANTY—
Two years from date of manufacture. Typical service life is 3-5 years depending upon ambient environmental conditions.

INSTALLATION

CAUTION

The electrochemical sensor contains semiconductor devices that are sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Damage caused by electrostatic discharge can be virtually eliminated if the equipment is handled only in a static safeguarded work area and if it is transported in a package that will provide the necessary protection against static electricity (such as the original factory packaging). Since a static safeguarded work area is usually impractical in most field installations, handle the device by the housing, taking care not to touch electronic components or terminals.

DETECTOR POSITIONING

Proper detector location is essential for providing maximum protection. The most effective number and placement of detectors varies depending on the conditions at the job site. The individual performing the installation must rely on experience and common sense to determine the number of detectors needed and the best locations to adequately protect the area. The following factors are important and should be considered for every installation:

1. Since hydrogen sulfide is a highly toxic gas, a primary consideration in determining optimum detector locations is to identify where people are most likely to first come into contact with the toxic gas. This contact point is typically a prime location for an H₂S gas detector.

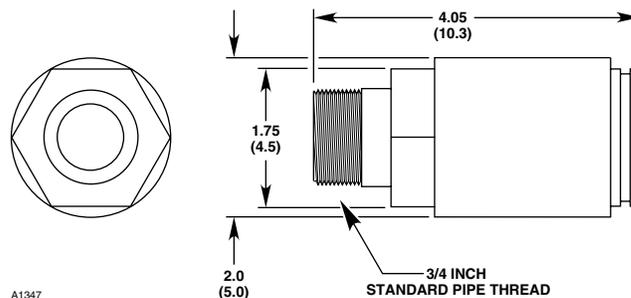


Figure 1—Sensor Dimensions in Inches (Centimeters)

2. Factors such as vapor density should also be considered when determining detector locations. Hydrogen sulfide is slightly heavier than clean air, and therefore may tend to settle near the floor or ground, unless it is heated, mixed with other gases that are lighter than air, or prevented from doing so by ambient air movement patterns.
3. How rapidly will the H₂S gas diffuse into the air? Select a location for the detector as close as practical to an anticipated source.
4. Ventilation characteristics of the immediate area must also be considered. Air movement may cause the gas to accumulate more heavily in one area than another. Detectors should be placed where the most concentrated accumulation of hydrogen sulfide gas is anticipated. Also consider the fact that some ventilation systems do not operate continuously, and therefore areas with poor circulation should be evaluated for toxic gas accumulation.
5. The detector should be located where it is safe from potential sources of contamination.
6. To prevent the buildup of contaminants on the filter, the detector should never be installed with the opening pointed straight up.
7. The detector must be accessible for testing and calibration.
8. Exposure to excessive heat or vibration can cause premature failure of electronic devices, and should be avoided if possible. Shielding the device from intense sunlight will reduce solar heating and can increase the life of the unit.

WIRING REQUIREMENTS

Two or three wire, shielded cable is recommended for connecting the C7064E detector to a transmitter, controller or other analog input device. Note that the third conductor from the C7064E is an earth ground conductor that is normally terminated at the junction box earth ground lug. The use of shielded cable will help protect against interference caused by extraneous electrical "noise." In applications where the detector cable is installed in conduit, the conduit should not be used for wiring to other electrical equipment whenever possible. If other equipment power wiring is run in the same conduit, the detector cabling **must** be shielded. The maximum allowable distance between the detector and signal receiver is limited by the resistance of the cabling used. Table 2 shows the maximum cabling distance allowed for a given wire size with 24 vdc supplied. If an additional signal conditioning or relay output transmitter is being used along with the C7064E detector, refer to the specific transmitter manual for detailed wiring instructions.

DETECTOR INSTALLATION AND WIRING

1. Determine the best mounting locations for the detectors.
2. The C7064 detector junction box (or U9500B transmitter housing) is intended for flat-surface mounting, such as on a wall or post. A junction box spacer or stand-off (1/4 to 1/2 inch) may be needed to allow adequate clearance for the detector and calibration cup. The junction box should be electrically connected to earth ground.

NOTE

Coat the junction box cover and detector threads with an appropriate grease to ease installation and future removal. The recommended lubricant is a silicone free grease, part number 005003-001, available from Detector Electronics.

NOTE

The 005434-xxx electrochemical H₂S sensor does not need to be installed within the C7064E housing while installing and wiring the detector/junction box. It is recommended to keep the sensor within the manufacturer's sealed shipping bag in a cool storage environment until actual power-up and calibration commissioning is performed. This will ensure that the sensor will provide maximum longevity.

3. Install the C7064 detector within the proper opening in the junction box. Terminate all three (3) C7064 conductors at the proper terminals. Refer to the appropriate illustration for details:

Table 2—Maximum Wiring Distances-
C7064E Detector to Controller/Transmitter

Wire Size (AWG)	Maximum Distance C7064E Detector to Controller	
	Feet	Meters
18	5700	1750
16	9000	2800

Figure 2 — Typical C7064E stand-alone detector.

Figure 3 — C7064E wired to R8471B Controller.

Figure 4 — C7064E directly wired to U9500 Infinity Transmitter.

Figure 5 — C7064E wired to U9500 Infinity Transmitter using a sensor separation kit.

The detector should be oriented with the filter pointing down whenever possible to minimize exposure to physical contamination.

4. Confirm that the power and signal cabling for the detector is the proper size and type, and is appropriate for the application requirements. After all electrical connections are made, double check the terminations against the wiring diagrams to ensure that all connections are properly terminated.

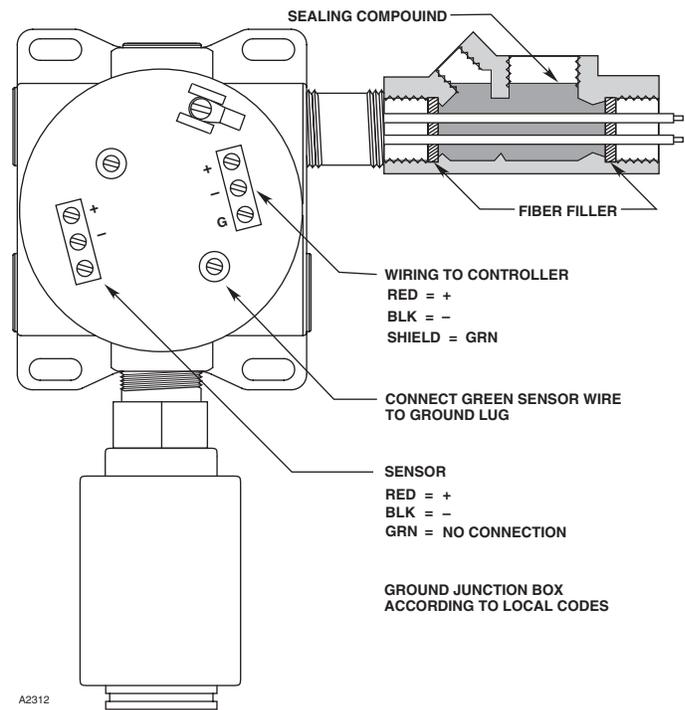


Figure 2—A Typical C7064E Stand-Alone Detector

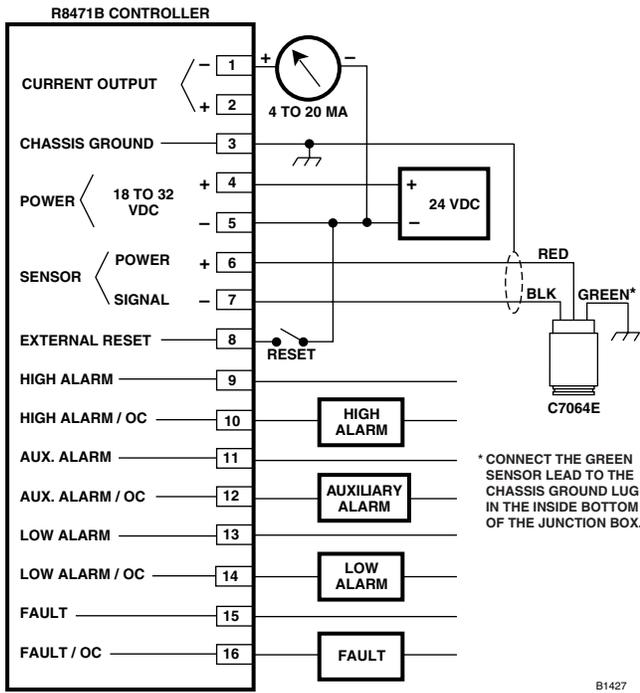


Figure 3—C7064E Detector Wired to an R8471B Controller

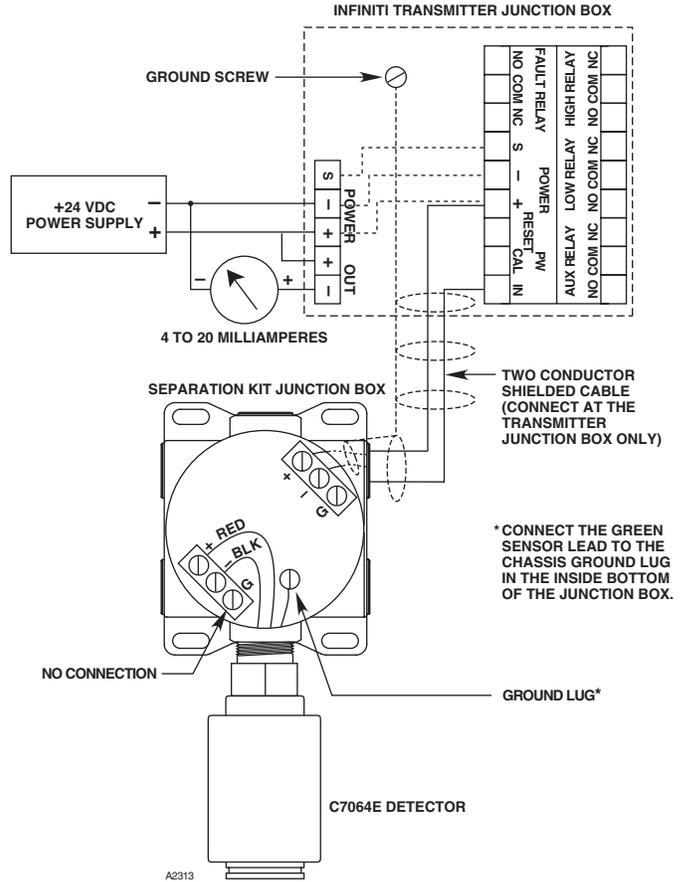


Figure 5—C7064E Detector Wired to a U9500 Infiniti Transmitter Using a Separation Kit Junction Box

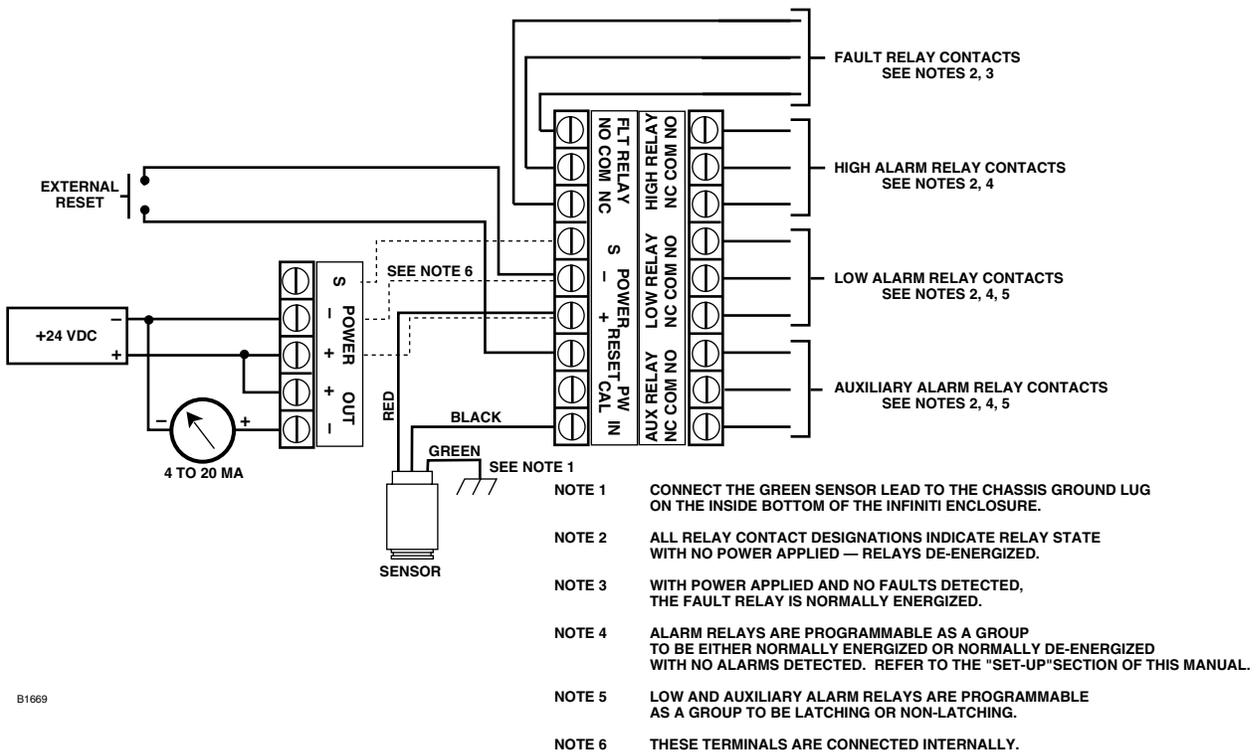


Figure 4—C7064E Detector Directly Wired to a U9500 Infiniti Transmitter

- The C7064E is designed to operate at 24 VDC. Before proceeding with complete system commissioning, measure the delivered voltage at the C7064E detector to ensure that possible voltage drops have not compromised the necessary 24 VDC supply voltage.

NOTE

Do not apply power to the system with the junction box cover removed unless the area has been de-classified.

- After confirming that all connections are properly terminated and other installation requirements such as conduit seals are installed as required, the sensor may be installed within the C7064E detector. Begin by removing the cap from the detector housing. Refer to Figure 6.
- Remove the sensor assembly from its packaging. Determine proper orientation for the assembly, then **carefully** plug it into the detector housing.

NOTE

Handle the sensor assembly carefully. To avoid possible damage, observe the normally accepted procedures for handling electrostatic sensitive devices.

- Replace the cap back on the detector housing. Ensure that the cap O-ring is present and in good condition. Tighten the cap only until snug. **Do not over tighten.**

- After confirming that the sensor is installed within the detector housing, all electrical terminations are properly made, proper operating voltage is provided to the detector, and all field cabling is appropriate for the application requirements, the installer may conduct the startup procedure.

STARTUP PROCEDURE

- Ensure that any output loads actuated by the detection system are bypassed to prevent accidental or unnecessary activation of these devices if required.
- Apply power to the system. If the C7064E is used in a stand-alone configuration, verify that a nominal 4 mA output signal is generated by the detector. If the C7064E is used with the U9500B Infiti, verify that both "warm-up" and "toxic" messages are displayed on the LCD readout, and that after warmup is complete, a nominal 0 ppm indication is displayed.
- Allow the detector to operate for about 24 hours prior to an initial calibration, then perform the "Calibration Procedure" as described in the following section. It may be necessary to refer to other transmitter and/or controller manuals to complete C7064E detector calibration.
- Complete any additional startup/commissioning requirements as described in the controller/transmitter manual if utilized.
- Place the system in normal operation.

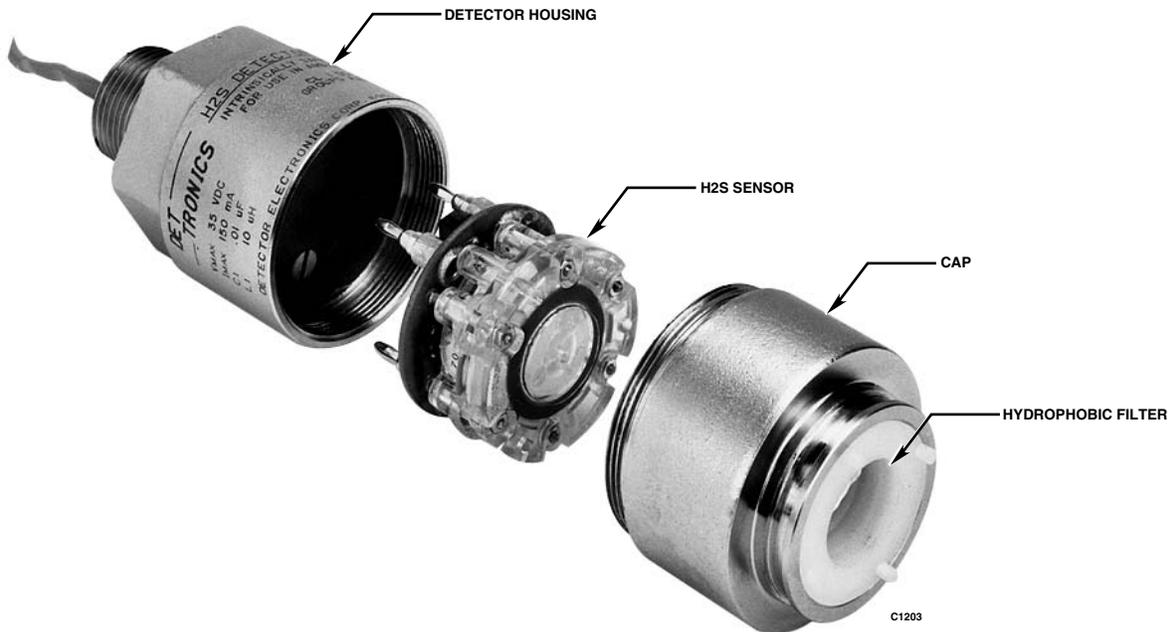


Figure 6—C7064E Detector

CALIBRATION

FREQUENCY OF CALIBRATION

The C7064E detector is typically utilized to protect human life. For this reason, a frequent calibration inspection is recommended. The specific frequency required in different applications can vary depending upon the amount of background gas, concentration of exposed H₂S, and ambient environmental conditions.

Calibration **must** be performed:

- When a new system is initially put into service.
- When the electrochemical sensor or C7064E detector housing is replaced.
- If a transmitter, controller or other device used in conjunction with the C7064E detector is replaced.
- When the hydrophobic filter is cleaned or replaced.

The following calibration schedule is recommended when placing a new sensor into operation and will ensure reliable operation in most applications:

1. 24 hours after initial power-up
2. One week later
3. Every 30 days thereafter, or as determined by the needs of the specific application.

IMPORTANT

To ensure adequate protection, the H₂S detection system must be calibrated on a regularly scheduled basis.

CALIBRATION GAS

The detector must be calibrated using hydrogen sulfide mixed with either air or nitrogen. For best results, calibration should be performed using a calibration gas concentration equal to mid-point of the electrochemical sensor's specific measurement range. This is typically either 50, 25, or 10 ppm H₂S concentrations, and all are available within a complete H₂S calibration kit available from Detector Electronics. Each kit provides the proper compressed gas, 1 LPM regulator, hose, and special calibration cup for the C7064E detector.

If background H₂S gas is present, it may be necessary to purge the detector with clean air to ensure that an accurate zero or "clean air" condition is present prior to initiating calibration.

CALIBRATION PROCEDURE

The C7064E detector requires a two-step calibration process similar to other two-wire gas detectors, but does not provide field access to the on-board zero or

span potentiometers. Therefore, it is highly recommended that the Model U9500B Transmitter or Model R8471B Controller be utilized with the C7064E to enable non-intrusive field calibration. (Refer to the U9500B or R8471B instruction manual for calibration information.)

Another calibration option for stand-alone C7064E configurations is to utilize the Detector Electronics Model 805-003 Portable Electrochemical Sensor Calibrator. This bench-top calibration fixture requires removal of the sensor from the detector housing to perform the calibration. When using the 805-003, it is typically recommended to pre-calibrate spare electrochemical sensors in the lab, and simply exchange the sensor in the field with a pre-calibrated sensor from inventory. This process minimizes system downtime.

Another option for control systems without calibration capability is to simply adjust the system alarm output threshold levels up or down as necessary to match C7064E span output level deviation (if present) from optimum condition (typically 12 mA detector output level is generated in response to 50% full scale calibration gas exposure). While this method does not actually adjust detector zero or span levels, it ensures that the output actions occur at a verified gas concentration condition.

MAINTENANCE

The C7064E detector is an industrial-grade device suitable for a wide variety of challenging environmental conditions. However, a routine maintenance schedule is recommended to ensure that the detector is in peak operating condition at all times. To ensure top performance, service the device as follows.

VISUAL INSPECTION

A visual inspection of the detector approximately once per week is recommended to ensure that physical obstructions such as trash, debris, mud, snow, or oil have not blocked or impeded hazardous gas access to the sensor. This includes visually inspecting the hydrophobic filter on the detector nosepiece.

RESPONSE TEST

It is acceptable to perform a detector response verification test in lieu of a complete calibration if the detector output in clean air appears stable and the device has been calibrated recently. This test involves simply applying calibration gas to the detector while in normal operating mode and confirming that the detector output is proportional to the applied gas concentration. It is the operator's responsibility to bypass any and all sys-

tem alarm output devices, if necessary, prior to conducting the detector response test. If the response test results are not acceptable, then a complete calibration must be performed.

CALIBRATION

As mentioned earlier, the recommended Calibration frequency for the C7064E is as follows:

- 24 hours after initial power-up
- One week later
- Every 30 days thereafter, or as determined by the needs of the specific application.

HYDROPHOBIC FILTER

A dirty filter can significantly reduce the amount of H₂S gas that is able to reach the sensor, thereby impairing the ability of the system to respond to a hazardous condition. If the filter becomes dirty and cannot be properly cleaned or if it is damaged, it must be replaced. Do not use solvents to clean the filter. To replace the hydrophobic filter, simply unscrew the existing filter from the housing, then replace it with a new filter. Use care not to over tighten.

NOTE

If the detector cannot be calibrated or responds slowly to the calibration gas, check the condition of the hydrophobic filter before replacing the sensor assembly. The hydrophobic filter should be clean and squarely seated in the housing.

ELECTROCHEMICAL SENSOR REPLACEMENT

The electrochemical sensor is not field repairable. If calibration can no longer be properly performed, the sensor must be replaced. The area must be de-classified or power to the detector should be removed prior to replacing the sensor in a hazardous area.

To replace the sensor in the C7064E Detector:

1. Remove power from the detector.
2. Remove the cap from the detector housing. See Figure 6. (There is no need to remove the detector housing from the junction box.)
3. Remove the old sensor. Check for corrosion or contamination on the terminals inside the detector housing. Clean if necessary.

4. Determine proper orientation for the new sensor, then **carefully** plug it in.

NOTE

Handle the sensor carefully. To avoid possible damage, observe the normally accepted procedures for handling electrostatic sensitive devices.

5. Place the cap back on the detector housing. Tighten only until snug. **Do not over-tighten.**
6. Re-apply power.
7. Allow time for the sensor to warm up (approximately 24 hours for best results), then calibrate.

An adequate supply of spare sensors should be kept on hand for field replacement. For maximum protection against contamination and deterioration, they should not be removed from the original protective packaging until the time of installation. To ensure maximum storage life, sensors should be stored at a temperature between 32°F and 68°F (0 to 20°C) and a relative humidity between 15 and 90 percent. Always calibrate after replacing the sensor or detector housing.

NOTE

The sensor contains an acid that occasionally can leak. If leakage should occur, handle the sensor carefully to prevent any acid from contacting the skin. If acid should come in contact with the skin, wash the affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Never attempt to open the sensor.

Please dispose of exhausted electrochemical sensors appropriately. They contain a small amount of lead, and therefore should be disposed of in a proper manner similar to household batteries (not in landfills).

DEVICE REPAIR AND RETURN

Prior to returning devices, contact the nearest local Detector Electronics office so that a Service Order number can be assigned. A written statement describing the malfunction must accompany the returned device or component to expedite finding the cause of the failure.

Pack the unit properly. Use sufficient packing material in addition to an antistatic bag or aluminum-backed cardboard as protection from electrostatic discharge.

Return all equipment transportation prepaid to the factory in Minneapolis.

ORDERING INFORMATION

When ordering please specify:

C706X H2S EXPLOSION-PROOF DETECTOR HOUSINGS ONLY

Part Number	OS Number	Threads	Encl Material	Measurement Range	FM	CSA	CEN	Other	Ship Weight	Delivery
004539-009	C7064E4012	3/4 in	SS	All	X	X	X	Groups c,d	2.5 lb (1.28 kg)	4 weeks
004539-102	C7064E5012	20 mm	SS	All	X	X	X		2.5 lb (1.28 kg)	4 weeks
004539-103	C7064E6031	20 mm	SS	All			X	SIRA	2.5 lb (1.28 kg)	4 weeks
004539-104	C7064E6012	3/4 in	SS	All			X	CEPEL	2.5 lb (1.28 kg)	4 weeks
004539-105	C7064E5014	3/4 in	SS	All		X	X	Groups B, C, D	2.5 lb (1.28 kg)	4 weeks

ELECTROCHEMICAL SENSOR CELLS

Part Number	OS Number	Toxic Gas	PPM Range	FM	CSA	CEN	Other	Ship Weight	Delivery
005434-003	DE5434-003	Hydrogen Sulfide	0 - 20	X	X	X		2 oz (.09 kg)	4 weeks
005434-004	DE5434-004	Hydrogen Sulfide	0 - 50	X	X	X	SAA	2 oz (.09 kg)	4 weeks
005434-002	DE5434-002	Hydrogen Sulfide	0 -100	X	X	X	SAA	2 oz (.09 kg)	4 weeks

ELECTROCHEMICAL DETECTOR "STAND-ALONE" JUNCTION BOXES

Part Number	Threads	Material	Ports	Includes	FM	CSA	CEN	SAA	RUS	Ship Weight	Delivery
226365-111	20mm/25mm	AL	2 - L	Required hardware	X	X	X			2.2 lb (1.0 kg)	8 weeks
226365-133	3/4 in	AL	2 - L	Required hardware	X	X	X			2.2 lb (1.0 kg)	8 weeks
226365-911	20 mm/25 mm	AL	2 - L	Required hardware					X	2.2 lb (1.0 kg)	8 weeks

TRANSMITTERS

Part Number	OS Number	Relay	FM	CSA	CEN	SAA	RUS	Ship Weight	Delivery
006265-002	U9500B2002		X	X	X	X		1 lb (.46 kg)	8 weeks
006265-008	U9500B2004	X	X	X	X	X		1 lb (.46 kg)	8 weeks
006265-902	U9500B2002-R				X		X	1 lb (.46 kg)	8 weeks
006265-908	U9500B2004-R	X			X		X	1 lb (.46 kg)	8 weeks

JUNCTION BOXES

Part Number	Conduit	Sensor Type	Mat'l	Ports	FM	CSA	CEN	SAA	RUS	Ship Weight
006264-013	3/4 in	H2S,Cl2,CO,SO2,NO2,O2	AL	2 (L)	X	X				3.15 lb (1.43 kg)
006264-014	20 mm/25 mm	H2S,Cl2,CO,SO2,NO2,O2	AL	2 (L)	X	X	X			3.15 lb (1.43 kg)
006264-017	3/4 in	H2S,Cl2,CO,SO2,NO2,O2	SS	2 (L)	X	X				9.5 lb (4.3 kg)
006264-018	20 mm/25 mm	H2S,Cl2,CO,SO2,NO2,O2	SS	2 (L)	X	X	X			9.5 lb (4.3 kg)
006264-027	20 mm/25 mm	Hydrogen Sulfide-C7064E	AL	2 (L)					X	3.15 lb (1.43 kg)
006264-028	20 mm	Hydrogen Sulfide-C7064E	SS	2 (L)					X	9.5 lb (4.3 kg)
006264-029	3/4 in	H2S,Cl2,CO,SO2,NO2,O2	AL	5	X	X				3.15 lb (1.43 kg)
006264-025	3/4 in	H2S,Cl2,CO,SO2,NO2,O2	AL	3	X	X				3.15 lb (1.43 kg)

R8471 SINGLE CHANNEL RACK-MOUNTED GAS CONTROLLERS

Part Number	OS Number	Base Model O.C. Output	Premium Model 4-20 mA and Relays	PPM Range	Height	FM	CSA	RUS	Ship Weight
005479-003	R8471B2002	X		0 - 100 ppm	7.0 in (4U)	X	X		4 lb (1.8 kg)
005479-004	R8471B2004		X	0 - 100 ppm	7.0 in (4U)	X	X		4 lb (1.8 kg)
005478-003	R8471B2001	X		0 - 100 ppm	5.25 in (3U)	X	X		3 lb (1.35 kg)
005478-004	R8471B2003		X	0 - 100 ppm	5.25 in (3U)	X	X		3 lb (1.35 kg)
005479-029	R8471B2010	X		0 - 20	7.0 in (4U)		X		4 lb (1.8 kg)
005479-030	R8471B2012		X	0 - 20	7.0 in (4U)	X	X		4 lb (1.8 kg)
005479-031	R8471B2006	X		0 - 50	7.0 in (4U)	X	X		4 lb (1.8 kg)
005479-032	R8471B2008		X	0 - 50	7.0 in (4U)	X	X		4 lb (1.8 kg)

ACCESSORIES

Part Number	Description
226846-002	Duct Mount Assembly, Stainless Steel
005003-001	Silicone Free Grease

SAMPLE DRAW SYSTEM ADAPTERS - TOXIC EC DETECTORS ONLY

Part Number	Material	Ship Weight	Delivery
006517-001	SS	2.5 lb (1.28 kg)	4 weeks
006517-002	AL	1 lb (0.46 kg)	4 weeks

H2S CALIBRATION GAS KITS

Part Number	Concentration	Gas	Use With	Ship Weight	Delivery
227115-001	50 ppm	Hydrogen Sulfide	C7064 EC	11.5 lb (5.23 kg)	4 weeks
227115-002	20 ppm	Hydrogen Sulfide	C7064 EC	11.5 lb (5.23 kg)	8 weeks
227115-014	10 ppm	Hydrogen Sulfide	C7064 EC	11.5 lb (5.23 kg)	8 weeks
227115-015	25 ppm	Hydrogen Sulfide	C7064 EC	11.5 lb (5.23 kg)	8 weeks

REPLACEMENT CYLINDERS FOR H2S CALIBRATION KITS

Part Number	Gas	Use With	Concentration	Ship Weight	Delivery
227117-001	Hydrogen Sulfide	C7064 EC	50 ppm	1.5 lb (0.7 kg)	4 weeks
227117-002	Hydrogen Sulfide	C7064 EC	20 ppm	1.5 lb (0.7 kg)	8 weeks
227117-011	Hydrogen Sulfide	C7064 EC	10 ppm	1.5 lb (0.7 kg)	8 weeks
227117-012	Hydrogen Sulfide	C7064 EC	25 ppm	1.5 lb (0.7 kg)	8 weeks

REPLACEMENT PARTS FOR H2S CALIBRATION KITS

Part Number	Description	Ship Weight	Delivery
162552-001	Regulator, 1 LPM	8 oz (0.23 kg)	8 weeks
162553-001	Carrying Case	8 oz (0.23 kg)	8 weeks
101678-007	3 Foot tubing	8 oz (0.23 kg)	4 weeks
004976-001	Standard calibration cup, SS (1)	8 oz (0.23 kg)	4 weeks
005964-001	Calibration cup (C706X Series)	8 oz (0.23 kg)	4 weeks
113006-001	Calibration cup O-ring (C706X Series)	8 oz (0.23 kg)	4 weeks

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Part Number	Description
226757-002	Electrochemical sensor termination connector board only
004532-002	Hydrophobic Filter for C7064E
107427-034	O-ring (for Hydrophobic Filter)
107427-004	O-ring (for Detector Housing)

For assistance in ordering a system to fit your application, please contact:

Detector Electronics Corporation
6901 West 110th Street
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55438 USA
Operator: (952) 941-5665 or (800) 765-FIRE
Customer Service: (952) 946-6491
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